

2018

Inland Flyway Review- Spring 2018 Report- Palatial Woodland Estate

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3 Northern Parulas, 1 Blackpoll Warbler, 3 Connecticut Warblers (4th, 5th, and 6th ever in spring), 2 Chipping Sparrows (first ever in spring), 1 Savannah Sparrow, 2 Orchard Orioles (4th and 5th ever in the park), and 5 Pine Siskins were the first ever in spring, and included a SY-M with a cloacal protuberance on 4 May and a HY-M on 3 Jun, providing the first evidence of breeding at this site, which is at least 100 miles south of the normal breeding range in Michigan.

Interesting recaptures involved a number of birds originally banded 0.4 miles away at the MBMP site, including: a Gray Catbird banded in 2014 (3 yr 11 mo), a female Northern Cardinal banded in 2012 (at least 5 yr 11 mo), a male Northern Cardinal banded in 2013 (at least 4 yr 11 mo), a female House Finch banded in 2013 (4 yr 10 mo), and 6 American Goldfinches including a female banded in 2011 (at least 7 yr 11 mo), another female banded in 2011 (6 yr 10 mo), a male banded in 2013 (5 yr 10 mo), another male banded in 2013 (4 yr 10 mo), a female banded in 2014 (3 yr 11 mo), and a male banded in 2013 (3 yr 10 mo). The 25 Yellow Warblers returning from previous years (as far back to 2014) was higher than last year here, and much higher than at the MBMP site.

Public access to the banding table (but not to the nets due to where we are set up) allowed many observers throughout the season to watch the process, and learn about the bird banding research that has been ongoing in this park since 1989. On a special Migration Day event, promoted by the park's nature center on 12 May, dozens of observers stopped by to watch and, hopefully, learn.

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Albany, Vinton County, OH

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Spring 2018 was the second spring season for migration banding at the PWE station. Despite being able to operate only 20 mornings this season, compared to 28 in 2017, both the number of species banded (52 and 47, respectively) and the number of

individuals (259 and 235, respectively) increased. This despite having only 69% of the net hours in operation in 2017. Species with notable increases included Swainson's Thrush (2018 = 15, 2017 = 2) and Slate-colored Junco (2018 = 12, 2017 = 0). White-throated Sparrow continued as the most common species banded here in spring (2018 = 29, 2017 = 19). The only notable decline in a species already low in number was Purple Finch (2018 = 1, 2017 = 6). Unfavorable weather toward the end of May caused an earlier closure to the operation than intended, but otherwise weather was not a factor either way. Thanks to the volunteer assistance of my friends Mike Wren and Rebecca Wood on several mornings.

Sand Bluff Bird Observatory 422-0891 (SBBO)

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Like last year spring weather at Sand Bluff Bird Observatory was extremely frustrating compared to years past. Stationary fronts in the southern US seemed to hold back birds and station numbers were down for most of March and April. The local weather in March and April consisted of chilly, cold, wet, windy days. A couple days even had freezing rain and snow. Overall we lost 10+ days to weather.

Once weather patterns improved daily catches increased in May. Our big days for the spring were 6 May with 175 birds captured, 12 May with 170 birds and 13 May with 173 birds. Again, this spring, the Swainson's Thrush and Gray Catbirds topped the list. This year's total of 2002 birds of 99 species was up 484 birds from the 2017 total.

Special captures of note and interest were a recaptured male Sharp-shinned Hawk caught in the same net run as previously caught and a female Cooper's Hawk trapped at the Hawk Station in