

8-15-1916

## Meeting Minutes, Ladies Committee of Sociedad la Unión Martí-Maceo, August 15, 1916

Sociedad la Unión Martí-Maceo

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SECCION DE RECREIO

32) MINUTES OF MEETINGS  
OF THE LADIES COMMITTEE  
OF THE RECREATIONAL  
COM. SECTION. 1916

S

JOURNAL



# PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

No.	NAMES	BORN	INAUGURATED	TERM OF OFFICE	DIED	NATIVE OF
1	GEORGE WASHINGTON...	Feb. 22, 1732	April 30, 1789	8 years.....	Dec. 14, 1799	Virginia
2	JOHN ADAMS.....	Oct. 31, 1735	Mar. 4, 1797	4 ".....	July 4, 1826	Mass.
3	THOMAS JEFFERSON.....	April 2, 1743	" 4, 1801	8 ".....	July 4, 1826	Virginia
4	JAMES MADISON.....	Mar. 16, 1751	" 4, 1809	8 ".....	June 28, 1836	"
5	JAMES MONROE.....	April 28, 1758	" 4, 1817	8 ".....	July 4, 1831	"
6	JOHN QUINCY ADAMS....	July 11, 1767	" 4, 1825	4 ".....	Feb. 23, 1848	Mass.
7	ANDREW JACKSON.....	Mar. 15, 1767	" 4, 1829	8 ".....	June 8, 1845	S. Carolina
8	MARTIN VAN BUREN.....	Dec. 5, 1782	" 4, 1837	4 ".....	July 24, 1862	New York
9	WM. H. HARRISON.....	Feb. 9, 1773	" 4, 1841	1 month.....	April 4, 1841	Virginia
10	JOHN TYLER.....	Mar. 29, 1790	April 6, 1841	3 yrs. 11 mos...	Jan. 18, 1862	"
11	JAMES K. POLK.....	Nov. 2, 1795	Mar. 4, 1845	4 years.....	June 15, 1849	N. Carolina
12	ZACHARY TAYLOR.....	Sept. 24, 1784	" 4, 1849	1 year 4 mos...	July 9, 1850	Virginia
13	MILLARD FILLMORE.....	Feb. 7, 1800	July 9, 1850	2 years 8 mos...	Mar. 7, 1874	New York
14	FRANKLIN PIERCE.....	Nov. 23, 1804	Mar. 4, 1853	4 years.....	Oct. 8, 1869	N. Hamp.
15	JAMES BUCHANAN.....	April 23, 1791	" 4, 1857	4 ".....	June 1, 1868	Penn.
16	ABRAHAM LINCOLN.....	Feb. 12, 1809	" 4, 1861	4 years 40 days.	April 15, 1865	Kentucky
17	ANDREW JOHNSON.....	Dec. 29, 1808	April 15, 1865	3 yrs. 10½ mos.	July 31, 1875	N. Carolina
18	ULYSSES S. GRANT.....	April 27, 1822	Mar. 4, 1869	8 years.....	July 23, 1885	Ohio
19	RUTHERFORD B. HAYES.	Oct. 4, 1822	" 5, 1877	4 ".....	Jan. 17, 1893	"
20	JAMES A. GARFIELD.....	Nov. 19, 1831	" 4, 1881	6½ months.....	Sept. 19, 1881	"
21	CHESTER A. ARTHUR....	Oct. 5, 1830	Sept. 20, 1381	3 yrs. 5½ mos..	Nov. 18, 1886	Vermont
22	GROVER CLEVELAND.....	Mar. 18, 1837	Mar. 4, 1885	4 years.....	June 24, 1908	New Jersey
23	BENJAMIN HARRISON.....	Aug. 20, 1833	" 4, 1889	4 ".....	Mar. 13, 1901	Ohio
24	GROVER CLEVELAND.....	Mar. 18, 1837	" 4, 1893	4 ".....	June 24, 1908	New Jersey
25	WILLIAM McKinLEY.....	Jan. 29, 1843	" 4, 1897	4 yrs. 6½ mos..	Sept. 14, 1901	Ohio
26	THEODORE ROOSEVELT..	Oct. 27, 1858	Sept. 14, 1901	7 yrs. 5½ mos..	.....	New York
27	WM. HOWARD TAFT.....	Sept. 15, 1857	Mar. 4, 1909	.....	.....	Ohio

## HELP! In Case of Accidents.

**Drowning.** 1. Loosen clothing, if any. 2. Empty lungs of water by laying body on its stomach and lifting by the middle so that the head hangs down. Jerk the body a few times. 3. Pull tongue forward, using handkerchief, or pin with string, if necessary. 4. Imitate motion of respiration by alternately compressing and expanding the lower ribs, about twenty times a minute. Alternately raising and lowering the arms from the sides up above the head will stimulate the action of the lungs. Let it be done gently but persistently. 5. Apply warmth and friction to extremities 6. By holding tongue forward, closing the nostrils and pressing the "Adam's apple" back (so as to close entrance to stomach) direct inflation may be tried. Take a deep breath and breathe it forcibly into the mouth of patient, compress the chest to expel the air, and repeat the operation. 7. DON'T GIVE UP! People have been saved after HOURS of patient, vigorous effort. 8. When breathing begins get patient into a warm bed, give WARM drinks, or spirits in teaspoonfuls, fresh air and quiet

**Burns and Scalds.** Cover with cooking soda and lay wet cloths over it. Whites of eggs and olive oil. Olive or linseed oil, plain or mixed with chalk or whiting.

**Lightning.** Dash cold water over a person struck.

**Sunstroke.** Loosen clothing. Get patient into shade and apply ice-cold water to head.

**Mad Dog or Snake Bite.** Tie cord tight above the wound Suck the wound and cauterize with caustic or white-hot iron at once, or cut out adjoining parts with a sharp knife.

**Venomous Insects' Stings, etc.** Apply weak ammonia, oil, salt water or iodine.

**Fainting.** Place flat on back: allow fresh air and sprinkle with water.

**Electricity.** Release from current not touching body or wire with hands, metal or a wet stick. Handle body by its clothing, with rubber gloves and shoes if possible; if not, cover hands with dry woolen cloth and stand on dry boards. Then induce artificial respiration as in case of drowning. Rub limbs and massage body.

## ANTIDOTES FOR POISONS.

**First.** Send for a Physician.

**Second.** INDUCE VOMITING, by tickling throat with feather or finger, drinking hot water or strong mustard and water. Swallow Sweet Oil or whites of Eggs.

Acids are antidotes for ALKALIES, and vice versa.

### SPECIAL POISONS AND ANTIDOTES.

Acids. MURIATIC. OXALIC. } Soap-suds, magnesia,  
ACETIC. SULPHURIC (Oil of } Lime-water.  
Vitriol). NITRIC (Aqua Fortis)

**Prussic Acid.** Ammonia in water. Dash water in face.

**Carbolic Acid.** Flour and water, mucilaginous drinks.

Alkalies. POTASH. LYE. } Vinegar or Lemon juice in  
HARTSHORN. AMMONIA. } water.

Arsenic. }  
Rat Poison. } Milk, raw Eggs, Sweet Oil, Lime-water,  
Paris Green. } Flour and water.

Bug Poison.  
Lead. }  
Saltpetre. } Whites of Eggs, or Milk in  
Corrosive Sublimate. } large doses.  
Sugar of Lead.  
Blue Vitriol.

Chloroform. } Dash cold water on head and chest.  
Chloral. } Artificial respiration. Piece of ice  
Ether. } in rectum.

Carbonate of Soda. } Soap-suds and mucilaginous  
Copperas. Cobalt. } drinks.

Iodine. }  
Antimony. } Starch and water. Astringent in-  
Tartar Emetic. } fusions. Strong tea.

Mercury AND ITS SALTS } Whites of Eggs. Milk.  
Mucilages.

Nitrate of Silver. } Salt and water.  
Lunar Caustic. }

Strychnine. } Mustard and water, Sul-  
Tincture of Nux Vomica. } phate of Zinc. Absolute  
quiet. Plug the ears.

## LEGAL WEIGHTS

Pounds per Bushel.

Apples.....	48	Corn Meal.....	60	Onions.....	57
Barley.....	48	Clover Seed.....	60	Potatoes.....	60
Beans.....	60	Flax Seed.....	56	Potatoes, Sweet.....	50
Bran.....	20	Hemp Seed.....	44	Rye.....	56
Buckwheat.....	52	Hungarian Seed.....	48	Salt.....	50
Coal.....	80	Lime.....	80	Timothy Seed.....	45
Corn, in Ear.....	70	Millet Seed.....	50	Wheat.....	60
Corn, Shelled.....	56	Oats.....	32		



QUANTITY OF SEED REQUIRED TO PLANT AN ACRE.

Kind of Seed.	Quantity.	Kind of Seed.	Quantity.
Asparagus in 12-inch drills.....	16 qts.	Grass, blue.....	28 qts.
Asparagus Plants, 4 by 1½ feet.....	8,000	Grass, rye.....	20 qts.
Barley.....	2½ bush.	Lettuce, in rows, 2½ feet.....	3 lbs.
Beans, bush., in drills, 2½ feet.....	1½ bush.	Lawn grass.....	35 lbs.
Beans, pole Lima, 4 by 4 feet.....	20 qts.	Melons, water, in hills, 8 by 3 feet.....	3 lbs.
Beans, Carolina, prolific, etc., 4 by 3 feet.....	10 qts.	Melons, citrons, in hills, 4 by 4 feet.....	2 lbs.
Beets and mangold, drills, 2½ feet.....	9 lbs.	Oats.....	2 bush.
Broom corn, in drills.....	12 lbs.	Onion, in bed for sets.....	50 lbs.
Cabbage, outside, for transplanting.....	12 ozs.	Onions, in rows for large bulbs.....	7 lbs.
Cabbage, sown in frames.....	4 ozs.	Parsnips, in drills, 2½ feet.....	5 lbs.
Carrot, in drills, 2½ feet.....	4 lbs.	Pepper, plants, 2½ by 1 foot.....	17,500
Celery, seed.....	8 ozs.	Pumpkin, in hills, 8 by 8 feet.....	2 qts.
* Celery, plant, 4 by 2½ feet.....	25,000	Parsley in drills, 2 feet.....	4 lbs.
Clover, white Dutch.....	13 lbs.	Peas, in drills, short varieties.....	2 bush.
Clover, Lucerne.....	10 lbs.	Peas, in drills, tall varieties.....	1 to 1½ bush.
Clover, Alsike.....	6 lbs.	Peas, broadcast.....	3 bush.
Clover, large red with timothy.....	12 lbs.	Potatoes.....	8 bush.
Clover, large red without timothy.....	6 lbs.	Radish, in drills, 2 feet.....	10 lbs.
Corn, sugar.....	10 qts.	Rye, broadcast.....	1¾ bush.
Corn, field.....	8 qts.	Rye, drilled.....	1½ bush.
Corn, salad, drill 10 inches.....	25 lbs.	Squash, bushel, in hills, 4 by 4 feet.....	3 lbs.
Cucumber, in hills.....	3 qts.	Turnips, broadcast, or in drills 2 feet.....	4 lbs.
Flax, broadcast.....	20 qts.	Tomatoes, in frames.....	3 ozs.
Grass, timothy with clover.....	6 qts.	Tomatoes, seed, in hills, 3 by 3 feet.....	8 ozs.
Grass, timothy without clover.....	10 qts.	Tomatoes, plants.....	3,800
Grass, orchard.....	25 qts.	Wheat, in drills.....	1¼ bush.
Grass, red top or heads.....	20 qts.	Wheat, broadcast.....	2 bush.

DOMESTIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

**Apothecaries' Weight:** 20 grains=1 scruple; 3 scruples=1 dram; 8 drams=1 ounce; 12 ounces=1 pound.

**Avoirdupois Weight** (short ton): 27 11-32 grains=1 dram; 16 drams=1 ounce; 16 ounces=1 pound; 25 pounds=1 quarter; 4 quarters=1 cwt.; 20 cwt.=1 ton.

**Avoirdupois Weight** (long ton): 27 11-32 grains=1 dram; 16 drams=1 ounce; 16 ounces=1 pound; 112 pounds=1 cwt.; 20 cwt.=1 ton.

**Troy Weight:** 24 grains=1 pennyweight; 20 pennyweights=1 ounce; 12 ounces=1 pound.

**Circular Measure:** 60 seconds=1 minute; 60 minutes=1 degree; 60 degrees=1 sign; 12 signs=1 circle.

**Cubic Measure:** 1,728 cubic inches=1 cubic foot; 27 cubic feet=1 cubic yard.

**Dry Measure:** 2 pints=1 quart; 8 quarts=1 peck; 4 pecks=1 bushel.

**Liquid Measure:** 4 gills=1 pint; 2 pints=1 quart; 4 quarts=1 gallon; 31½ gallons=1 barrel; 2 barrels=1 hogshead.

**Long Measure:** 12 inches=1 foot; 3 feet=1 yard; 3½ yards=1 rod or pole; 40 rods=1 furlong; 8 furlongs=1 statute mile; 3 miles=1 league.

**Mariners' Measure:** 6 feet=1 fathom; 120 fathoms=1 cable length; 7½ cable lengths=1 mile; 5,280 feet=1 statute mile; 6,085 feet=1 nautical mile.

**Square Measure:** 144 square inches=1 square foot; 9 square feet=1 square yard; 30¼ square yards=1 square rod or perch; 40 square rods=1 rood; 4 roods=1 acre; 640 acres=1 square mile; 36 square miles (6 miles square)=1 township.

**Time Measure:** 60 seconds=1 minute; 60 minutes=1 hour; 24 hours=1 day; 7 days=1 week; 365 days=1 year; 366 days=1 leap year.

BUSINESS LAW IN DAILY USE.

The following compilation of business law contains the essence of a large amount of legal verbiage:

If a note is lost or stolen, it does not release the maker; he must pay it, if the consideration for which it was given and the amount can be proven.

Notes bear interest only when so stated.

Principals are responsible for the acts of their agents.

Each individual in a partnership is responsible for the whole amount of the debts of the firm, except in cases of special partnership.

Ignorance of the law excuses no one.

The law compels no one to do impossibilities.

An agreement without consideration is void.

A note made on Sunday is void.

Contracts made on Sundays cannot be enforced.

A note by a minor is void.

A contract made with a minor is void.

A contract made with a lunatic is void.

A note obtained by fraud, or from a person in a state of intoxication, cannot be collected.

It is a fraud to conceal a fraud.

Signatures made with a lead pencil are good in law.

A receipt for money is not always conclusive.

The acts of one partner bind all the rest.

"Value received" is usually written in a note, and should be, but is not necessary. If not written, it is presumed by the law, or may be supplied by proof.

The maker of an "accommodation" bill or note (one for which he has received no consideration, having lent his name or credit for the accommodation of the holder) is not bound to the person accommodated, but is bound to all other parties, precisely as if there was a good consideration.

No consideration is sufficient in law if it be illegal in its nature.

Checks or drafts must be presented for payment without unreasonable delay.

Checks or drafts should be presented during business hours, but in this country, except in the case of banks, the time extends through the day and evening.

If the drawee of a check or draft has changed his residence, the holder must take due or reasonable diligence to find him.

If one who holds a check as payee or otherwise transfers it to another, he has the right to insist that the check be presented that day, or, at the farthest, on the day following.

A note endorsed in blank (the name of the indorser only written) is transferable by delivery, the same as if made out to bearer.

If the time of payment of a note is not inserted, it is held payable on demand.



# INTEREST LAWS AND STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	INTEREST LAWS.		STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.			STATES AND TERRITORIES.	INTEREST LAWS.		STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.		
	Legal Rate.	Rate allowed by Contract.	Judgments, Years.	Notes, Years.	Open Accounts, Years.		Legal Rate.	Rate allowed by Contract.	Judgments, Years.	Notes, Years.	Open Accounts, Years.
Alabama.....	per ct. 8	per ct. 8	20	6	3	Nebraska.....	per ct. 7	per ct. 10	5	5	4
Arkansas.....	6	10	10	5	3	Nevada.....	7	Any rate.	6	6	4
Arizona.....	7	Any rate.	5	3	2	New Hampshire.....	6	6	20	6	6
California.....	7	Any rate.	5	4	2	New Jersey.....	6	6	20	6	6
Colorado.....	8	Any rate.	6	6	6	New Mexico.....	6	12	15	6	4
Connecticut.....	6	*	6	6	6	New York.....	6	6+	20	6	6
Delaware.....	6	6	20	6	3	North Carolina.....	6	8	10	3	3
District of Columbia.....	6	10	12	3	3	North Dakota.....	7	10	20	6	6
Florida.....	8	10+	20	5	2	Ohio.....	6	8	5	15	6
Georgia.....	7	8	7	7	4	Oklahoma.....	7	12	..	..	..
Idaho.....	10	18	6	6	3	Oregon.....	8	10	10	6	1
Illinois.....	5	7	7	10	5	Pennsylvania.....	6	6	5	6	6
Indiana.....	6	8	10	10	6	Rhode Island.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
Iowa.....	6	8	10	10	5	South Carolina.....	7	8	10	6	6
Kansas.....	6	10	5	5	2	South Dakota.....	7	12	20	6	6
Kentucky.....	6	8	15	15	5	Tennessee.....	6	6	10	6	6
Louisiana.....	5	8	10	5	3	Texas.....	8	12	10	4	2
Maine.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6	Utah.....	10	Any rate.	5	4	2
Maryland.....	6	6	12	3	3	Vermont.....	6	6	6	6	6
Massachusetts.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6	Virginia.....	6	6	10	5	2
Michigan.....	6	8	6	6	6	Washington.....	10	Any rate.	6	6	3
Minnesota.....	7	10	10	6	6	West Virginia.....	6	*	10	10	5
Mississippi.....	6	10	7	6	3	Wisconsin.....	7	10	20	6	6
Missouri.....	6	8	20	10	5	Wyoming.....	12	Any rate.	5	5	4
Montana.....	10	Any rate.	6	6	2						

\* No usury, but over 6 per cent. cannot be collected by law. † Not to exceed 10 per cent. ‡ New York has by a recent law legalized any rate of interest on call loans of \$5,000 or upward, on collateral security.

## Weight per Bushel of Grain, Etc.

The following Table shows the number of pounds per bushel required, by the law or custom, in the sale of articles specified in the several States of the Union:—

STATES.	Barley.	Buckwheat.	Coal.	Corn, Shelled.	Corn Meal.	Onions.	Oats.	Potatoes.	Rye.	Wheat.	Salt.	Turnips.	Beans, wh.	Clover, S'd.	Timothy.
Maine.....	48 48			56 50	52	30 60		60				50 64			
New Hampshire.....				56 50		30 60	56 60					60			
Vermont.....	48 48					32 60	56 60	70				64 60	42		
Massachusetts.....	48 48			56 50	52	32 60	56 60								
Connecticut.....	45			56		32 60	56 56								
New York.....	48 48			58		32 60	56 60					62 60	44		
New Jersey.....	48 50			56		30 60	56 60						64		
Pennsylvania.....	47 48			56		30 56	56 60	85					62		
Delaware.....				56			60								
Maryland.....	48 48			56		57 32	60 56	60 56				62 64	45		
Dist. Columbia.....	47 48			56 48	57	32 56	56 60	50 55				62 60	45		
Virginia.....	48 48			56 50		32 60	56 60					56 60	64 45		
West Virginia.....	48 52	80		56 48		32 60	56 60					60 60	60 45		
North Carolina.....	48 50			54 46		30	56 60						64		
South Carolina.....	48 56	80		56 50	57	33 60	56 60	50				60 60			
Georgia.....	40			80 56	48 57	35 56		60 56					60 45		
Louisiana.....	32			56		32		60							
Arkansas.....	48 52	80		56 50	57	32 60	56 60	50				60 60	45		
Tennessee.....	48 50			56 50	56	32 60	56 60					60	45		
Kentucky.....	48 52			56 50	57	33 56	56 60	50				60 60	45		
Ohio.....	48 50			56		32 60	56 60					60 60	45		
Michigan.....	48 48	80		56		54 32	60 56	60 56	58			60 60	45		
Indiana.....	48 50	70		56 50	48	32 60	56 60	50				60 60			
Illinois.....	48 52			56 48	57	32 60	56 60	50				60 60			
Wisconsin.....	48 50			56		32 60	56 60					60			
Minnesota.....	48 42			56		32 60	56 60					60			
Iowa.....	48 52			56		57 33	60 56	60 50				60 60	45		
Missouri.....	48 52			56		57 32	60 56	60 50				60 60	45		
Kansas.....	50 50			56 50	57	32 60	56 60	50 55				60 45			
Nebraska.....	48 52			56 50	57	34 60	56 60	50 55				60 60	45		
California.....	50 40			52		32		54 60							
Oregon.....	46 42			56		36 60	56 60					60			

## Carrying Capacity of a Freight Car.

This Table is for Ten-Ton Cars.

Whiskey.....	60 barrels
Salt.....	70 "
Lime.....	70 "
Flour.....	90 "
Eggs.....	130 to 160 "
Flour.....	200 sacks
Wood.....	6 cords
Cattle.....	18 to 20 head
Hogs.....	50 to 60 "
Sheep.....	80 to 100 "
Lumber.....	6,000 feet
Barley.....	300 bushels
Wheat.....	340 "
Flax Seed.....	360 "
Apples.....	370 "
Corn.....	400 "
Potatoes.....	430 "
Oats.....	680 "
Bran.....	1,100 "
Butter.....	20,000 pounds

## Short Method for Calculating Interest.

Multiply the principal by as many hundreds as there are days, and

For	4 per cent.	Divide by 90
" 5 "	.....	" 72
" 6 "	.....	" 60
" 7 "	.....	" 52
" 8 "	.....	" 45
" 9 "	.....	" 40
" 10 "	.....	" 36
" 12 "	.....	" 30

EXAMPLE.—Interest on \$50 for 30 days at four per cent.,  $50 \times 30 = 15.00$ , which divided by  $90 = 16\frac{2}{3}$  cents—the required result.

## COMPOUND INTEREST ON ONE DOLLAR FOR 100 YEARS.

AMOUNT.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.	AMOUNT.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.	AMOUNT.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.
\$1	100	1	\$2.75	\$1	100	4½	\$81.25	\$1	100	10	\$13,809.00
1	100	2	7.25	1	100	5	131.50	1	100	12	84,675.00
1	100	2½	11.75	1	100	6	350.00	1	100	15	1,174,405.00
1	100	3	19.25	1	100	7	868.00	1	100	18	15,145,007.00
1	100	3½	31.25	1	100	8	2,203.00	1	100	24	2,551,799,404.09
1	100	4	50.50	1	100	9	5,543.00				

FOR OTHER VALUABLE INFORMATION SEE BACK OF BOOK.







Three



# Acta No 1

Agosto 15 de 1916

## Junta Extraordinaria

Reunidas un grupo de Damas de esta ciudad de Tampa en los Salones bajos de la Sociedad Union Marti Maceo con objeto de ver si se podia llevar a cabo la formacion del Comite de Damas de esta Institucion; para la cual habiamos sido convocadas por la Directiva.

A las ocho y media del dia ocho del mes corriente mes de Agosto del año Mil noventa y seis: nos encontramos reunidas. El presidente de la Sociedad hace uso de la palabra expresando las malas condiciones por que se atréviera esta Institucion, despues pregunta si estamos dispuestas a constituirnos en Comite siendo unanime el voto por que asi fuere.

El presidente despues de esta entrega la ~~dirección~~ de la Junta a Jose Perez Director de esta Sociedad, el cual expone la necesidad de que nombremos la mesa que ha de regirnos. Despues de hecha las elecciones son electas las siguientes:

Presidenta	Angela Segundo
Vice	Maria Luisa Pastre
Secretaria	Adela Roy
Vice	Angela Flores
Tesorera	Mercedes Guerra
Vice	Teofila Roy
Contadora	Lazara Pastre
Vice	Dulce Maria Roque



Delegada ~~de~~ West Tampa Fermina Car-  
boll

Primer Vocal Vira Copotes  
Vocales

De Jbor City  
Adelaida Batil  
Lorenza Flores  
Margarita Requena  
Opelia Gonzales  
Mercedes Laine

De West Tampa  
Virginia Jauriga  
Estela del Pino  
Bonchita Acosta  
Feodora Arenas

Despues de este nombramiento  
acordamos que cada miembro de este  
comite contribuya con la minima  
cota de cinco centavo semanal  
pudiendo da que ~~ta~~ asi quisiera con-  
tribuir con mas,  
Concluidos esto asunto acordamos  
el celebrar una junta con junta

Con la Sección de recreo y adornos  
y recreo para el martes 15 del corriente  
mes. No habiendo nada más de que  
tratar de ~~suspende~~ la sección  
De lo que doy fe

Presidenta  
Angela Segundos

Secretaria  
Adela Roy



## Acta N° 2

### Junta General

A los quince del mes de agosto de 1916 en junta conjunta con la seccion de R se reunió este comité fue abierta la seccion por la Sñra presidenta, bajo la siguiente Orden del dia: 1ª Lectura del acta anterior 2ª asunto generales. asistente <sup>Director</sup> Lazara Gastre Mercedes Gastre ● Maria Luisa Clara Perez Margarita Requieira Rosalia Chacon Magdalena Chacon Virginia Jauriga, Sebastina, Ramirez, Rosa Dominguez, Amada Valdes, Colasa Aragon, Georgina Borroto, Teofila Roy, Adelaida Patil, Concepcion Costa Cira Capotes, Mercedes Guerra Angela Flores, Angela Quintana, Maria Arvik, Ofelia Acosta, Julio Lincheta, Juan Casellas Antonio R. Palacios, Fidel R. Ponce Alejandro Hernandez Ignacio Requieira

Leida el acta anterior fue probada, la presidenta explica la necesidad de celebrar una fiesta para inaugurar el comité de Damas. Casellas toma la palabra y propone se efectue una Reunion Secundada por Adelaida Patil Toma la palabra el Director y ase ver la necesidad de que sea una Velada Inucibal. Lincheta propone sea una Velada Secundada por el Director. Sonetida a Votacion triunfa la proposicion de Lincheta, Se habla sobre el Señalamiento del dia que se a de efectuar. El Director propone sea el 16 de Septiembre fue aprobada. Fue leida la renuncia de Olimpia Barrios y fue aceptada y fue



## Acta N<sup>o</sup> 3

### Junta Extraordinaria

En la Ciudad de Barrapa a los cuatro dias del mes de Septiembre de mil novecientos diez y seis celebró junta el Comité de damas de la Sociedad "La Union Marta Maccio" en los salones bajo la misma bajo la Presidencia de la Srta Angela Segundo actuando la Secretaria la que escribe y con asistencia de las damas siguientes

### El Director

Lazara Jashe Mercedes Castro Clara Peres Margarita Pequira Ofelia Acosta Angela V Flores Adelaida Natividad Geofila Roy Mercedes Guerra Maria Ariles Flor M Ponce

La presidenta declaró abierta la seccion y ordena la lectura de la orden del dia que resulto ser la siguiente 1<sup>o</sup> Tratar sobre la Velada y asunto Generales luego el acta anterior fue aprobada en el asunto de la velada propone el Sr Ponce que fuesen doscientas papeletas para la rifa que se ha de llevar a cabo el dia de la velada y la secundo el Sr José Peres la Presidenta la sometio a votacion y fue aprobada acto seguido el Sr Ponce propone que la velada se efectue para el dia treinta y la apolla Mercedes Guerra sometida a votacion fue aprobada en los asuntos Generales la Presidenta indica que se nombre una comision de tres y fueron nombradas Geofila Roy Maria Ariles Clara Peres para entrevistarse con las familias que no esten en este comite y tambien que la seccion de Recreo cooperase en estos trabajos lo cual fue aprobado tambien indicio la Presidenta que cada uno de



los presentes tomaron diez números para la rifa de la velada lo cual la Junta aprobó también la Dra Maria Aviles propuso se haga una de rama voluntaria para cubrir ~~los~~ gastos de la velada la Presidenta la sometió a votación y fue aprobada por la unanimidad.

D<sup>ta</sup> Angela Segundo De todo lo cual doy fe  
Adela Roy Secretaria

### Junta general

En la Ciudad a los cuatro días del mes de Octubre de mil <sup>tantos</sup> novecientos diez y seis celebre Junta el conite de damas de la Sociedad "Unión Martí Maceo" en los salones bajo la misma bajo la Presidencia de la Dra Angela Segundo actuando la Secretaria la que escribe y con asistencia de las damas siguientes: Lazara Sastre Mercedes Sastre Ofelia Acosta Georgina Borroto Clara Peres Margarita Requieira Ordulvia Ponzales Angela Flores Mercedes Guerra La Presidenta declaró abierta la sección y ordena la lectura del la orden del día que resultó se la siguiente 1<sup>o</sup> Lectura del acta anterior 2<sup>o</sup> tratar sobre las bases del reglamento 4<sup>o</sup> y asunto generales y fue aprobada el acta anterior acto segundo la Sta Angela Flores propone se le entregue a los fondos Generales de la Sociedad la cantidad de 46,94 ó sea el valor de una nota siendo secundada por la Dra Clara Peres fue aprobada despues la Sta Lazara Sastre propone se rife una caja de bombones por valor de \$ 350 en el picnic del día 15 y fue aprobada y no habiendo nada más de que tratar la Presidenta dio por terminada la Junta.

De todo lo cual doy fe Adela Roy Secretaria  
D<sup>ta</sup> Angela Segundo



nombra en su lugar a Estela del Pino.  
y no habiendo mas de que tratar se suspende  
la Sección de lo que doy fe

Dña.  
Angela

Segundo.

La Secretaria

Adela Roy



## Acta No 3

## Junta Directiva

a los 22 dias del mes de agosto de 1916 se reunió en Junta Directiva de este comite de Damas bajo la presidencia la Sra Angela Segunda y de Secretario abo firma

Orden del dia 1.<sup>o</sup> Tratar sobre la Velada  
2.<sup>o</sup> asunto generales Asistentes <sup>Directores</sup> Lazara Castre Mercedes Castre Cira Capotes Concepcion Costa Virginia Jauriga, Maria Avile, Adelaida Natil, Teofila Roy Ordulio Gonzales Mercedes S. Guerra Angela Flores Clara Perez Margarita Regueira. y los pertenecientes a la comision de La Velada Juan Caseñas Antonio R. Palacio Julio Lincheta La Sociedad sea mensualmente, extra proposicion de que fuera cada tres meses pero fue derrotada. Siendo aprobada la mensual. La presidenta habla sobre la necesidad de aser alguna rifa el dia de la Velada la Junta lo toma en consideración, y despues de varias proposiciones es aceptada que sea una caja de polvos y un pomo de resencia Se nombra una Comision para comprar lo aceptado para la rifa. componiendola Maria Avile Virginia Jauriga Clara Perez

No habiendo mas de que tratar se suspende la seccion de lo que doy fe  
Dta.

La Secretaria  
Angela Segundo Adela Roy



## Acta No 4

## Junta

En la Ciudad de Tangua a los cuatro dias del mes de Septiembre de mil novecientos diez y seis celebró junta el comité de damas Sociedad "Union Martí Maceo" en los salones bajo la misma bajo la Presidencia de Ura Angela Segundo actuando de Secretaria la que escribe y con asistencia de las Damas siguientes:

(Director)

Cristina Diaz. Clara Perez. Margarita Requena. Ciria Capote. Lazara Sastre. Mercedes Sastre. Virginia Jauriga. Adelaida Matil. Concepcion Costa. Georgina Borroto.

La Presidenta declaró abierta la Seccion y ordena la lectura del acta anterior 2º tratar sobre la relada 3º y Asunto Generalesi leida el acta fue probada en el asunto de la relada la propone el Sr Torice que fuesen dociontas por pelotas para la rifa que se ha llevar a cabo el dia de la relada y la secundo el Sr Perez la Presidenta la sometio a votacion y fue probada acto seguido el Sr Fidel R Torice propone que la relada se efectue el dia treinta y la apolla Mercedes Guerra Sometida a votacion fue aprobada en los asuntos generales la Presidenta indica que se monte una comision de tres y fueron nombrada Clara Perez. Eofila Roy Maria Avila. Mercedes Guerra para entretistarse con las familia que no esten en el comite y tambien que la Seccion de Recreo cooperase en estos trabajos lo cual fue aprobado tambien indico la Presidenta que cada uno de los presente tomasen diez numero para la rifa de la relada lo cual la junta



aprobo' tambien la Sra Maria Arceles propuso  
que se haga una derrama voluntaria para cu-  
brir gasta de la velada la Presidenta la So-  
metio a votacion y fue aprobada por unanimi-  
dad

De todo lo cual doy fe'

Pta.

Angela

Segundo

A. dela Roy

Secretaria



Acta No 5

Junta General Ordinaria

En la Ciudad de Tampa a los diez y nueve dias del mes de Septiembre de mil novecientos diez y seis celebró junta General Ordinaria el Comité de Damas de la Sociedad La Union Insarte Otaceo bajo la Presidencia de la Sra. Angela Segundo actuando de Secretaria la que escribe y con asistencia de las Dama. Siguientes:

(Director)

Cira Capotes Georgina Barreto. Ofelia Acosta Christina Diaz. Clara Perez. Margarita Requieira Lazara Sastre Mercedes Sastre Mercedes Guerra Angel Flores Eufemia Roy Maria Ovites. Maria Luisa Sastre

La Presidenta declaró abierta la ~~junta~~ y me ordena la lectura de la orden del dia que fue la siguiente (tratar de la velada) La Sra. Maria Luisa Sastre pidio la y hizo la proposicion que en lugar de que se celebrase una velada que fuese un concierto y la secundo la Sra. Clara Perez sometida a votacion fue aprobada la Sra. Clara Perez propone que al final del concierto se den dos o tres horas de baile y que se le cobre a Caballeros 25 centavos cada dicho baile y la secundo la Sra. Diaz sometida a votacion fue aprobada el de once propuestas que para la su rifa que se a ~~celebrar~~ en la velada venase el cupo de los \$5.00 por no haver dado el cupo la esencia y el polvo que presentaron las comisionadas propuso que se comprase



otro pumo de ausencia de a' los pesos y la  
 secundo' la Señora. Peres sometida a votación  
 fue' a' probada y tambien el mismo Sr  
 propone que se canciense los trabajos para  
 el concierto el dia 20 y lo secundo' el  
 Sr. Troncoso tambien fue' aprobada acto  
 seguido la señora Minares hace la indica-  
 cion que a' fin de que en el mañana este  
 todo en limpio que se he hagan comprobantes  
 a las vocales y no haviendo nada mas de  
 que tratar el suspensio de la junta

De todo lo cual doy fe

Secretaria

Abelardo Roy







## POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

	1910	1900		1910	1900		1910	1900
Alabama .....	2,138,093	1,828,697	Maryland .....	1,294,450	1,188,044	Pennsylvania .....	7,665,111	6,302,115
Arizona .....	204,354	122,931	Massachusetts .....	3,366,416	2,805,346	Rhode Island .....	542,674	428,556
Arkansas .....	1,574,449	1,311,564	Michigan .....	2,810,173	2,420,982	South Carolina .....	1,515,400	1,340,316
California .....	2,377,549	1,485,053	Minnesota .....	2,075,708	1,751,394	South Dakota .....	583,888	401,570
Colorado .....	799,024	539,700	Mississippi .....	1,797,114	1,551,270	Tennessee .....	2,184,789	2,020,616
Connecticut .....	1,114,756	908,420	Missouri .....	3,293,335	3,106,665	Texas .....	3,896,542	3,048,710
Delaware .....	202,322	184,735	Montana .....	376,053	243,329	Utah .....	373,351	276,749
Dist. of Columbia, .....	331,069	278,718	Nebraska .....	1,192,214	1,066,300	Vermont .....	355,956	343,641
Florida .....	752,619	528,542	Nevada .....	81,875	42,335	Virginia .....	2,061,612	1,854,184
Georgia .....	2,609,121	2,216,331	New Hampshire .....	430,572	411,588	Washington .....	1,141,990	518,103
Idaho .....	325,594	161,772	New Jersey .....	2,537,167	1,883,669	West Virginia .....	1,221,119	958,800
Illinois .....	5,638,591	4,821,550	New Mexico .....	327,396	195,310	Wisconsin .....	2,333,860	2,069,042
Indiana .....	2,700,876	2,516,462	New York .....	9,113,614	7,268,894	Wyoming .....	145,965	92,531
Iowa .....	2,224,771	2,231,853	North Carolina .....	2,206,287	1,893,810	Alaska .....	64,356	63,592
Kansas .....	1,690,949	1,470,495	North Dakota .....	577,056	319,146	Hawaii .....	191,909	154,001
Kentucky .....	2,289,905	2,147,174	Ohio .....	4,767,121	4,157,545	Porto Rico .....	1,118,012	953,243
Louisiana .....	1,656,388	1,381,625	Oklahoma .....	1,657,155	790,391	Military and Naval .....	55,608	91,219
Maine .....	742,371	694,466	Oregon .....	672,765	413,536	United States.....	93,401,414	77,256,630

## POSTAL INFORMATION.

Revised December, 1908, at the New York Post Office.

## DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTAGE.

ALL mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States, is divided into four classes under the following regulations. (Domestic rates apply to Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Tutuila, Porto Rico, Guam, Hawaii, the Philippines, the "Canal Zone," the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, China.

**FIRST-CLASS MATTER.**—This class includes letters, postal cards, "post cards," and anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or anything containing writing not allowed as an accompaniment to printed matter under class three.

Rates of letter postage to any part of the United States, its possessions, or the above-named countries, *two cents per ounce or fraction thereof*.

Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, and the addressee cannot be served by rural free delivery carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on **POSTAL-CARDS**, one cent (double or "reply" cards, two cents). Postal cards issued by the Post Office Department may bear written, printed, or other additions as follows:

(a) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line placed approximately one-third of the distance from the left end of the card; the space to the left of the line to be used for a message, etc., but the space to the right for the address only.

(b) Addresses upon postal cards may be either written, printed, or affixed thereto, at the option of the sender.

(c) Very thin sheets of paper may be attached to the card on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing.

(d) Advertisements, illustrations, or writing may appear on the back of the card and on the left third of the face.

2. The addition to a postal card of matter other than as above authorized will subject the card, when sent in the mails, to postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate if wholly or partly in writing or the third-class rate if entirely in print. In either case the postage value of the stamp impressed upon the card will not be impaired.

3. Postal cards must be treated in all respects as sealed letters, except that when undeliverable to the addressee they may not be returned to the sender.

4. Postal cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel or other similar substances, are unmailable, except when inclosed in envelopes with proper postage attached, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons handling the mails.

Cards that have been spoiled in printing or otherwise, will be redeemed from the *original purchasers* at 75 per cent. of their face value if unmutilated.

**POST CARDS.**—(Private Mailing Cards)—bearing written or printed messages are transmissible in the mails: Private mailing cards ("post cards") in the domestic mails must conform to the following conditions:

(a) A post card must be an unfolded piece of cardboard not exceeding approximately  $3\frac{1}{2}$  by  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches, nor less than approximately  $2\frac{1}{2}$  by 4 inches.

(b) It must in form and in the quality and weight of paper be substantially like the Government postal card.

(c) It may be of any color not interfering with a legible address and postmark.

(d) It may or may not, at the option of the sender, bear near the top of the face the words "post card."

(e) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line; the left half to be used for a message, etc., but that to the right for the address only.

(f) Very thin sheets of paper may be attached to the card, and then only on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing.

(g) Advertisements and illustrations may appear on the back of the card and on the left half of the face.

2. Cards, without cover, conforming to the foregoing conditions are transmissible in the domestic mails (including the possessions of the United States) and to Cuba, Canada, Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and the United States postal agency at Shanghai, China, at the postage rate of one cent each.

3. When post cards are prepared by printers and stationers for sale, it is desirable that they bear in the upper right hand corner of the face an oblong diagram containing the words, "Place postage stamp here," and at the bottom of the space to the right of the vertical dividing line, the words, "This space for the address."

4. Cards which do not conform to the conditions prescribed by these regulations are, when sent in the mails, chargeable with postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate, if wholly or partly in writing, or at the third-class rate, if entirely in print.

5. Cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are *unmailable*, except when inclosed in envelopes, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons handling the mails.

Rates on special delivery letters, ten cents on each letter in *addition* to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at post-offices, and must be affixed to such letters. An ordinary ten-cent stamp affixed to a letter will entitle it to special delivery if the letter is marked, "Special Delivery." The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Prepayment by stamps invariably required. Postage on all letters should be *fully* prepaid, but if prepaid one full rate and no more, they will be forwarded, and the amount of deficient postage collected on delivery; if wholly unpaid, or prepaid with less than one full rate and deposited at a post-office, the addressee will be noti-



fied to remit postage; and if he fails to do so, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office; but they will be returned to the sender if he is located at the place of mailing, and if his address be printed or written upon them.

Letter rate is charged on all productions by the typewriter or manifold process, and on all printed imitations of typewriting or manuscript, unless such reproductions are presented at post-office windows in the minimum number of twenty identical copies separately addressed.

Letters and other matter prepaid at the letter rate—two cents an ounce or fraction thereof—(but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope or wrapper. The limit of weight is four pounds, except for a single book.

Prepaid letters will be forwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed.

**SECOND-CLASS MATTER.**—This class includes all newspapers and periodicals exclusively in print that have been "Entered as second-class matter," and are regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year, from a known office of publication and mailed by the publishers or news agents to actual subscribers or to news agents for sale, and newspapers and publications of this class mailed by persons other than publishers. Also periodical publications of benevolent and fraternal societies, organized under the lodge system and having a membership of a thousand persons, and the publications of strictly professional, literary, historical, and scientific societies, and incorporated institutions of learning, trade unions, etc., provided only that these be published at stated intervals not less than four times a year, and that they be printed on and be bound in paper. Publishers who wish to avail themselves of the privileges of the act are required to make formal application to the department through the postmaster at the place of publication, producing satisfactory evidence that the organizations, societies and institutions represented come within the purview of the law, and that the object of the publications is to further the objects and purposes of the organization.

Rates of postage to publishers, *one cent a pound or fractional part thereof*, prepaid in currency. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, are excluded from the pound rate, and pay the third-class rate.

Publications sent to actual subscribers in the county where published are free, unless mailed for delivery at a letter-carrier office.

Rates of postage on second-class newspapers, magazines, or periodicals, mailed by others than the publishers or news agents, *one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof*. It should be observed that the rate is one cent for each four ounces, not one cent for each paper contained in the same wrapper. This rate applies only when a complete copy is mailed. Parts of second-class publications or partial or incomplete copies are *third-class matter*. Second-class matter will be entitled to special delivery when special delivery stamps (or ten cents in ordinary stamps and the words, "Special Delivery" placed on the wrapper) are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Second-class matter must be so wrapped as to enable the postmaster to inspect it. The sender's name and address may be written in them or on the wrapper, also the words "sample copy," or "marked copy." Typographical errors in the text may be corrected, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage.

**THIRD-CLASS MATTER.**—Mail matter of the third class includes printed books, pamphlets, engravings, circulars in print (or by the hectograph, electric-pen, or similar process when at least twenty identical copies, separately addressed, are mailed at post-office windows at one time), and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets, corrected proof sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

The rate on matter of this class is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof* payable by stamps affixed, unless 2,000 or more identical pieces are mailed under special permit when the postage at that rate may be paid in money.

Manuscript unaccompanied by proof-sheets must pay letter rates.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, otherwise it will be charged letter rates on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be despatched. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding to a new address or returning to senders.

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books, in separate packages, on which the weight is not limited. It is entitled like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage, or when ten cents in ordinary stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage and the words, "Special Delivery" are placed on the wrapper.

**FOURTH-CLASS MATTER.**—Fourth-class matter is allailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined. It embraces merchandise and samples of every description, and coin or specie.

Rate of postage, *one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof* (except seeds, roots, bulbs, cuttings, scions, and plants, the rate on which is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof*). This matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be despatched. Postage must be paid by stamps affixed, unless 2,000 or more identical pieces are mailed at one time when the postage at that rate may be paid in money. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding or returning. The affixing of special delivery ten-cent stamps in addition to the regular postage entitles fourth-class matter to special delivery. (See remarks under "first-class matter.")

**THIRD OR FOURTH CLASS MATTER MAILABLE WITHOUT STAMPS.**—Under special permits postage may be paid in money for third or fourth class matter mailed in quantities of 2,000 or more identical pieces. For information concerning the regulations governing such mailings inquiry should be made of the postmaster.

**REGISTRATION.**—All kinds of postal matter may be registered at the rate of *eight cents for each package* in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid in stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

An indemnity—not to exceed \$25 for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if it is less than \$25—shall be paid for the loss of first-class registered matter mailed at and addressed to a United States post-office.

**DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.**—Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to \$100, at the following rates:

For sums not exceeding \$2.50, 3 cents; over \$2.50 to \$5, 5 cents; over \$5 to \$10, 8 cents; over \$10 to \$20, 10 cents; over \$20 to \$30, 12 cents; over \$30 to \$40, 15 cents; over \$40 to \$50, 18 cents; over \$50 to \$60, 20 cents; over \$60 to \$75, 25 cents; over \$75 to \$100, 30 cents.

**STAMPED ENVELOPES.**—Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes, and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. Stamps cut from stamped envelopes are valueless; but postmasters are authorized to give good stamps for stamped envelopes or newspaper wrappers that may be spoiled in directing, if presented in a substantially whole condition.

**FEES FOR DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.**—Payable in the United States (which includes Hawaii and Porto Rico) and its possessions comprising the Canal Zone (Isthmus of Panama), Guam, the Philippines and Tutuila, Samoa; also for Orders payable in British Guiana, British Honduras, Canada, Cuba, Newfoundland, the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai (China), the Bahama Islands, and certain other Islands in the West Indies, mentioned in Register of Money Order Post Offices.

For Orders from \$0.01 to \$2.50, 3 cents; from \$2.51 to \$5.00, 5 cents; from \$5.01 to \$10.00, 8 cents; from \$10.01 to \$20.00, 10 cents; from \$20.01 to \$30.00, 12 cents; from \$30.01 to \$40.00, 15 cents; from \$40.01 to \$50.00, 18 cents; from \$50.01 to \$60.00, 20 cents; from \$60.01 to \$75.00, 25 cents; from \$75.01 to \$100.00, 30 cents.



# Parcel Post Regulations.

**FOURTH-CLASS MAIL MATTER DEFINED.**—Section 1.—That hereafter **fourth-class mail matter** shall embrace all other matter, including farm and factory products, not now embraced by law in either the first, second, or third class, not exceeding eleven pounds in weight, nor greater in size than seventy-two inches in length and girth combined, nor in form or kind likely to injure the person of any postal employee or damage the mail equipment or other mail matter and not of a character perishable within a period reasonably required for transportation and delivery.

**UNITS OF AREA.**—Section 2.—That for the purposes of this section the United States and its several Territories and possessions, excepting the Philippine Islands, shall be **divided into units of area** thirty minutes square, identical with a quarter of the area formed by the intersecting parallels of latitude and meridians of longitude, represented on appropriate postal maps or plans, and such units of area shall be the basis of eight postal zones, as follows:

(a) **The first zone** shall include all territory within such quadrangle, in conjunction with every contiguous quadrangle, representing an area having a mean radial distance of approximately fifty miles from the center of any given unit of area.

(b) **The second zone** shall include all units of area outside the first zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one hundred and fifty miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(c) **The third zone** shall include all units of area outside the second zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately three hundred miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(d) **The fourth zone** shall include all units of area outside the third zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately six hundred miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(e) **The fifth zone** shall include all units of area outside the fourth zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(f) **The sixth zone** shall include all units of area outside the fifth zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand four hundred miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(g) **The seventh zone** shall include all units of area outside the sixth zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand eight hundred miles from the center of a given unit of area.

(h) **The eighth zone** shall include all units of area outside the seventh zone.

**Section 3.**—That the **rate of postage** on fourth class matter weighing not more than four ounces shall be one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce; and on such matter in excess of four ounces in weight the rate shall be by the pound, as hereinafter provided (see section 7), the postage in all cases to be prepaid by distinctive postage stamps affixed. (See section 8.)

2. That except as provided in the next preceding paragraph postage on matter of the fourth class shall be prepaid at the following rates:

(a) On all matter mailed at the post-office from which a **rural route** starts, for delivery on such route, or mailed at any point on such route for delivery at any other point thereon, or at the office from which the route starts, or on any rural route starting therefrom, and on all **matter mailed at a city carrier office**, or at any point within its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office, or at any office for local delivery, five cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and one cent for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(b) For delivery within the **first zone**, except as provided in the next preceding paragraph, five cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and three cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(c) For delivery within the **second zone**, six cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and four cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(d) For delivery within the **third zone**, seven cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and five cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(e) For delivery within the **fourth zone**, eight cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and six cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(f) For delivery within the **fifth zone**, nine cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and seven cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(g) For delivery within the **sixth zone**, ten cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and nine cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(h) For delivery within the **seventh zone**, eleven cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and ten cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

(i) For delivery within the **eighth zone** and between the Philippine Islands and any portion of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the several Territories and possessions, twelve cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and twelve cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

**RATES OF POSTAGE.**—Section 7.—Parcels weighing four ounces or less are mailable at the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than four ounces are mailable at the pound rates shown in the following table, a fraction of a pound being considered a full pound.

2. The parcel post rate between any point in the United States and any point in the **Hawaiian Islands**, the United States Postal Agency at **Shanghai**, and any point in **Alaska**, and between any two points in **Alaska**, except for parcels weighing four ounces or less, on which the rate is one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof, shall be twelve cents for the first pound and twelve cents for each additional pound or fraction thereof. These rates also apply to parcels mailed in the United States for delivery in the **Canal Zone**, and to parcels between the **Philippine Islands** and any portion of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the several Territories and possessions. (See section 3, paragraph 2 (i).)

3. The eighth zone rate of postage, except on parcels weighing four ounces or less, on which the rate shall be as prescribed in section 3, shall apply to all parcels of fourth class matter mailed in the United States for delivery in **Canada, Mexico, Cuba, and the Republic of Panama**: Provided (a), That as prescribed by existing special postal conventions with these countries such parcels shall not exceed two kilograms (4 lbs., 6 ozs.) in weight, and (b) that nothing in this section shall affect the dispatch of parcel post packages to Mexico and the Republic of Panama up to eleven pounds (5 kilograms) in weight under the existing parcel post conventions with these countries.

4. **Seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, and plants** are matter of the fourth class, notwithstanding that a special rate of postage (one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof regardless of distance) applies thereto. The limit of weight is increased to eleven pounds by the parcel post law (see section 1), but no other change is made.

5. **Cut flowers, dried plants, and botanical specimens** not susceptible of propagation are transmissible at parcel post rates.

6. **Samples of wheat or other grain** in its natural condition, potatoes, beans, peas, chestnuts, acorns, etc., when intended for planting must be prepaid at the special rate of postage prescribed in paragraph 4, but when intended to be used as food the parcel post rates apply.

**WHERE MAILABLE.**—Section 10.—Parcels must be mailed at a post office, branch post office, named or lettered station, or such numbered stations as may be designated by the postmaster, or delivered to a rural or other carrier duly authorized to receive such matter.

2. **Parcels collected on star routes** must be deposited in the next post office at which the carrier arrives and postage charged at the rate from that office.

**INSURANCE ON PARCELS.**—Section 62.—A mailable parcel on which the postage is fully prepaid may be insured against loss in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed \$50, on payment of a fee of ten cents in parcel post stamps, such stamps to be affixed.



Compte de Dames.  
Secrétaire